**Words 1**

Read and match.

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| --- |
| raised beckon conceal refusal transmits disapproval |

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| --- | --- | --- | --- |
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**Words 2**

Complete the sentences.

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| --- |
| enable invaluable estimate ingenious lack ancestor  group distress gestures consists |

1.  Experts \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that there are about 7,000 languages.

2.  We can \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ languages into families.

3.  Many languages can be traced back to a common \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

4.  Secret codes \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ allies to send each other secret messages.

5.  Morse code is an \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ system of dots and dashes.

6.  Some \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ such as nodding or shaking your head are widely recognized in different cultures.

7.  Sign language is used by people who \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the ability to hear.

8.  Braille is a code that \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of raised dots.

9.  A \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ signal is used by pilots when they are in trouble.

10.  Language is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for human communication.

**Read 1**

Read and complete.

|  |
| --- |
| Have you ever thought about how many languages there are in the world? Believe it or not, there are around 7,000 different languages! But not all of these are spoken by lots of people. It is estimated that 90 percent of these languages have under 100,000 speakers, and 46 languages have just one speaker. It is likely that many of these languages will disappear in time. Because of increasing globalization, many languages are in danger of vanishing, as there is a lack of speakers who are able to pass them on to the next generation.  In Asia, there are around 2,200 languages, compared to Europe, which has just 260. Many European languages have their origins in Latin, such as Italian, French, and Spanish. This enables people from different countries to have some understanding of other languages with shared origins, because many words are similar, or can be recognized. This can be invaluable to language learners!  Languages develop in different places among groups of people – for instance in Papua New Guinea, where there are lots of small communities separated by mountains, there are around 832 different languages! The most widely spoken languages in the world are Mandarin Chinese, English, Spanish, Hindi, Arabic, Bengali, Russian, Portuguese, Japanese, German, and French. The most widely used writing system, which has roots going back to 1100 BC, is the Latin, or Roman alphabet – the one you are reading now! |

|  |
| --- |
| communities alphabet ancestor more less decreasing |

**1.** The number of languages in the world is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .  
**2.** Most languages have \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than 100,000 speakers.   
**3.** There are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ languages in Asia than in Europe.   
**4.** Italian, French, and Spanish have a common \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .  
**5.** In Papua New Guinea, many small \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ have their own languages.   
**6.** Most languages use the Roman \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

**Read 2**

Read and match.

|  |
| --- |
| Have you ever thought about how many languages there are in the world? Believe it or not, there are around 7,000 different languages! But not all of these are spoken by lots of people. It is estimated that 90 percent of these languages have under 100,000 speakers, and 46 languages have just one speaker. It is likely that many of these languages will disappear in time. Because of increasing globalization, many languages are in danger of vanishing, as there is a lack of speakers who are able to pass them on to the next generation.  In Asia, there are around 2,200 languages, compared to Europe, which has just 260. Many European languages have their origins in Latin, such as Italian, French, and Spanish. This enables people from different countries to have some understanding of other languages with shared origins, because many words are similar, or can be recognized. This can be invaluable to language learners!  Languages develop in different places among groups of people – for instance in Papua New Guinea, where there are lots of small communities separated by mountains, there are around 832 different languages! The most widely spoken languages in the world are Mandarin Chinese, English, Spanish, Hindi, Arabic, Bengali, Russian, Portuguese, Japanese, German, and French. The most widely used writing system, which has roots going back to 1100 BC, is the Latin, or Roman alphabet – the one you are reading now! |

|  |
| --- |
| 2,200 260 1100 832 7,000 46 |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1. The number of languages in the world. |  |
| 2. The number of languages with one speaker. |  |
| 3. The number of languages in Asia. |  |
| 4. The number of languages in Europe. |  |
| 5. The number of languages in Papua New Guinea. |  |
| 6. The year the Roman alphabet goes back to. |  |

**Read 3**

Read and match.

|  |
| --- |
| Have you ever thought about how many languages there are in the world? Believe it or not, there are around 7,000 different languages! But not all of these are spoken by lots of people. It is estimated that 90 percent of these languages have under 100,000 speakers, and 46 languages have just one speaker. It is likely that many of these languages will disappear in time. Because of increasing globalization, many languages are in danger of vanishing, as there is a lack of speakers who are able to pass them on to the next generation.  In Asia, there are around 2,200 languages, compared to Europe, which has just 260. Many European languages have their origins in Latin, such as Italian, French, and Spanish. This enables people from different countries to have some understanding of other languages with shared origins, because many words are similar, or can be recognized. This can be invaluable to language learners!  Languages develop in different places among groups of people – for instance in Papua New Guinea, where there are lots of small communities separated by mountains, there are around 832 different languages! The most widely spoken languages in the world are Mandarin Chinese, English, Spanish, Hindi, Arabic, Bengali, Russian, Portuguese, Japanese, German, and French. The most widely used writing system, which has roots going back to 1100 BC, is the Latin, or Roman alphabet – the one you are reading now! |

|  |
| --- |
| Some languages have common roots. Some languages are disappearing.  French and Spanish have some similar words.  Asia has more languages than Europe.  46 languages have just one speaker.  The Roman alphabet goes back to 1100 BC.  There are many languages in the world.  Mandarin Chinese is a widely spoken language. |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Main ideas** | **Details** |
|  |  |

**Grammar in Use 1**

Read and choose.

1.  The children, which / whose / who all study Japanese, are going to visit Japan this year.

2.  Francis, which / whose / who brother is a translator, is very good at languages.

3.  The boy which / whose / who won the award gave a speech in French.

4.  The book which / whose / who I am reading right now was translated from Swedish.

5.  A program which / whose / who translates different languages is very useful for language learning.

6.  A man which / whose / who name was Samuel Webster wrote the first American English dictionary.

**Grammar in Use 2**

Highlight the nondefining relative clauses.

**1.** My teacher, whose name is Mr. Edwards , speaks English, French, and Russian.   
  
**2.** Fiona, who has visited China several times , is studying Chinese.   
  
**3.** The boy, whose mother comes from Turkey , is going to give a talk about learning Turkish.   
  
**4.** Children who live in England usually study French or German at school.   
  
**5.** The language which is most widely spoken in the world is Mandarin Chinese.   
  
**6.** Switzerland, which lies between Germany and Italy , has three official languages.

**Grammar in Use 3**

Read and choose the correct sentence.

1.

* Italian and Spanish which have common origins in Latin have many similar words.
* Italian and Spanish, which have common origins in Latin, have many similar words.

2.

* Languages which have very few speakers are in danger of disappearing.
* Languages, which have very few speakers, are in danger of disappearing.

3.

* Mandarin Chinese, which is widely spoken in Asia, has several different dialects.
* Mandarin Chinese which is widely spoken in Asia has several different dialects.

4.

* Stephanie who speaks French and Arabic is training to be a translator.
* Stephanie, who speaks French and Arabic, is training to be a translator.

5.

* People who speak two languages find it easier to learn a third language.
* People, who speak two languages, find it easier to learn a third language.

6.

* Peter, whose native language is Danish, usually speaks to us in German.
* Peter whose native language is Danish usually speaks to us in German.

**Grammar in Use 4**

Correct the errors. Select the incorrect text, and type.

**1.** Vicky, who's mother is a teacher, wants to study Arabic next year.  
**2.** Our neighbor, which was born in Australia, speaks with an Australian accent.  
**3.** The computer, who we bought two years ago, still works perfectly.  
**4.** The two friends, whose often meet in the library, are writing a story together.  
**5.** Lucy, which hobby is speaking Spanish, is going to Spain next year.  
**6.** I studied ancient Greek, what was very difficult for me, when I was at school.

**Listening**

Listen, read, and choose.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1. At the beginning, the man likes the movie, but the woman doesn’t.    * True    * False 2. The man and the woman both like the actress, Jane Burgess.    * True    * False 3. The man thinks the bank robber is amazing.    * True    * False 4. The woman is worried about the little girl.    * True    * False 5. The man is happy the police are coming.    * True    * False 6. He wants the police to catch the bank robbers.    * True    * False |  |

**Speaking**

Listen, record Part A or B, then check.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| A:Let’s go to the museum this weekend!  B”No, thanks. I don’t feel like going to the museum.  A:But you said you wanted to go!  B:I’m sorry. What if we went to the beach instead?  A:Actually, that sounds like fun.  B:Cool! I’ll get my towel and flip flops! |  |

**Word Study**

Look, read, and choose.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |  |
| 1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |  |
| 1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |  |
| 1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |  |
| 1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |  |
| 1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |  |
| 1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |  |
| 1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |  |

**Writing Study**

Complete the sentences.

|  |
| --- |
| hand Unlike contrast However but |

1.  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ English, Russian does not use the Roman alphabet.

2.  Spanish is spoken in many South American countries. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ , the main language in Brazil is Portuguese.

3.  I can speak French and Spanish, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ I have never studied German.

4.  English is normally written from left to right. In \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ , Arabic is written from right to left.

5.  I’m quite good at languages. On the other \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ , math and science are difficult for me.